

D. S. Gold
~~communication device is stored in the International Mobile Station Identity.~~

REMARKS

Claims 1 - 55, 58, and 59 have been amended.

Claims 1 - 55, 58, and 59 are in the case.

REJECTIONS:

In the Final Rejection in the parent case the outstanding issues were as follows.

Claims 1, 27, 41, and 58 were objected to for the inappropriate designation of the "mobile communication network" with the acronym "PLMN".

Claims 1 - 4, 6, 13 - 29, 37 - 44, 47 - 55, 58, and 59 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102(e) as anticipated by the reference PHILLIPS (U.S. Pat. No. 6,188,898).

Claims 5, 7 - 12, 30 - 36 and 45 - 46 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being obvious and unpatentable over the PHILLIPS reference in view of the combination of the reference KURIKI (U.S. Pat. No. 5,765,105).

The Examiner in responding to the Applicants' amendments and remarks in reply to the first Office Action stated that they were considered but not found to be persuasive and his reasons for justifying this position were set forth.

REPLY:

The claims have been appropriately amended herein to correct the informalities therein by removing all of the unnecessary acronyms and numbers and better conform their language to U.S. practice and are now submitted to clearly define Applicants' invention in a manner fulfilling the requirements of the Patent statutes.

After reviewing the Examiner's reasons for justifying the rejections, Applicants are still convinced that their interpretation of the cited prior art is correct and believe that

the previously requested claim amendments were not sufficiently considered. Additionally, it is believed that the current claim amendments remove any confusion over their definitions so that all of the claims presently in the case patentably distinguish over the art and are in condition for allowance for the reasons as follows.

Firstly, regarding the 35 U.S.C. § 102(e) rejection citing the PHILLIPS reference as anticipatory, the Examiner actually admits in his justifying reasons regarding the "storing and informing" claim limitation, that PHILLIPS "does not specifically teach the a parameter or a property transmitting form the mobile terminal". In contrast, the following passage is the basis of the claim rejections under 35 U.S.C. § 102 as explicitly stated in the Final Rejection:

"Regarding **claim 1**, Phillips discloses a method for storing and informing at least one property of a wireless communication device (MS1-MS4) to a mobile communication network (MSC), characterized in that parameter data representing said at least one property of said wireless communication device (MS1-MS4) is stored in said wireless communication device (MS1-MS4) and transmitted from said wireless communication device (MS1-MS4) to the mobile communication network (PLMN) (column 1, lines 55 - column 2, lines 48)."

The justifying reasons conclude that "it would have been apparent to know mobile station informed the information to network during registration." However, Applicants wish to again emphasize that

an invention is anticipated "only if each and every element as set forth in the claim is found, either expressly or inherently described, in a single prior art reference" (See Chisholm, Federal Circuit Guide. p. 1221). Thus, if any feature of the invention as claimed is not taught, either expressly or inherently, in a single prior art disclosure, rejection under 35 U.S.C. § 102 on the basis of that disclosure cannot be justified. The Examiner is contending then that any feature not expressly described is "inherently described". Applicants, in response to this contention, question where the following feature, introduced by amendment into Claim 1 in response to the first Office Action in the parent case, and not expressly described, is "inherently described" in PHILLIPS:

"wherein an information element for storing said information for identifying said wireless communication device and said information relating to at least one property of the wireless communication device . . . is formed in the wireless communication device"?

It is respectfully contended that this limitation, which also similarly appears in independent Claims 27, 41, and 58, is not taught by PHILLIPS, "inherently" or otherwise, so that the 35 U.S.C. § 102 rejection cannot be sustained. Accordingly, Claims 1, 27, 41, and 58, and their dependent claims, all of the claims in the case, are not anticipated by PHILLIPS or any other prior art.

Next, regarding the dependent claim rejections under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) on the grounds of obviousness in view of the combination of the PHILLIPS and the KURIKI teachings, it is submitted that the noted claims being dependent from independent claims which are distinguishable from the teaching of the primary reference PHILLIPS, as just explained, are not rendered obvious on the grounds of the combination of the cited teachings since PHILLIPS' teaching cannot support the reasons for which it was cited. Thus, the grounds for rejecting the noted dependent claims must fail.

Applicants would like to briefly reiterate the following points made in the response in the parent case for reconsideration in view of the preceding remarks. Applicants respectfully disagree with the Examiner's understanding of the PHILLIPS disclosure. It is believed that a close reading will show that PHILLIPS discloses a mobile communications network which is adapted to serve mobile terminals having different operating protocols. The disclosed network includes multi-mode base stations each capable of operating selectively in at least some of those operating protocols and each base station has means for interrogating a mobile terminal so as to determine that terminal's operating protocol (see PHILLIPS' Abstract). In contrast, Applicants' invention, as claimed, relates to "storing and informing at least one property of a wireless communication device [(MS1 - MS4)] to a mobile communication

network [(PLMN)]", and is characterized by storing parameter data representing at least one property of the wireless communication device (MS1- MS4) in the wireless communication device (MS1 - MS4) and transmitting the parameter data from the wireless communication device (MS1 - MS4) to the mobile communication network (PLMS) (e.g., see Claim 1 as filed).

In evaluating the features of the Applicants' invention, it is important to consider the details of the interrogation performed according to PHILLIPS, as the Examiner appears to equate that interrogation process with the transmission of parameter data according to the Applicants' invention. However, this equating is not at all justified, as PHILLIPS does not disclose, nor does he suggest expressly or inherently, that any parameter data is transmitted from the mobile terminal. In fact, PHILLIPS states that, in a mobile originated call, the operating protocol employed by a particular mobile terminal is determined "from the frequency band and the format of the request signal" (see Col. 3, lines 41 to 45). Furthermore, at Col. 3, lines 50 to 52, PHILLIPS states that "Measurement of the particular frequency employed by the mobile terminal establishes the required protocol for communication with the terminal". Thus, according to PHILLIPS' teaching, for a mobile originated call, the operating protocol of a mobile terminal is determined by measurements on the radio path made at a receiving

base station, not by receiving parameter data transmitted from the mobile terminal. In the mobile terminated call set-up, information regarding the operating protocol employed by the receiving terminal is retrieved from the terminal's home location register (see Col. 3, line 65, to Col. 4, line 8). Again, this does not involve receiving parameter data transmitted from the mobile terminal.

It is noted that the PHILLIPS reference does include a claim (Claim 7) stating that the operating protocol of a mobile terminal requesting service is determined by negotiation between the network and the mobile terminal (see Col. 6, lines 4 to 6). However, the technical description provides no teaching or suggestion as to how this negotiation might be achieved and there is certainly no reference to parameter data in this context.

It should be seen then from the foregoing considerations that PHILLIPS fails to teach, expressly or inherently, in a mobile communication network, the storing of parameter data representing at least one property of a wireless communication device in the wireless communication device and transmitting that parameter data from the wireless communication device to the mobile communication network. Accordingly, it is submitted that PHILLIPS' teaching does not anticipate Applicants' invention as now defined in independent Claims 1, 27, 41, and 58, and the other claims herein.

Turning to the rejection under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a), again given the considerations of the lack of applicability of the PHILLIPS teaching to Applicants' invention discussed above, the contribution of the teaching of the KURIKI reference must be evaluated to determine whether it can make up for what is lacking to produce a combination of teachings rendering Applicants' invention obvious to those of skill in the art. KURIKI appears to disclose a communication system in which subscriber identity modules (SIMs), implemented as cards and mounted in mobile stations (MSs), share a single international mobile subscriber identify (IMSI). When any one of the MSs generates an authentication and registration request, a mobile services switching center (MSC) at a home station writes information representative of the combination of the IMSI and the international mobile equipment identity IMEI of the mobile station in question in a home location register (see KURIKI's Abstract). The Examiner contends that it would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art to combine KURIKI's teaching with those of PHILLIPS and arrive at Applicants' invention as claimed, e.g., in Claim 7 as filed. Applicants respectfully disagree that this is the case, for the following reasons.

It will be seen that KURIKI discloses how an "information holding device holds combination information representative of the combination of the subscriber identity information and terminal

identification information for identifying a communication terminal..." (see Col. 2, lines 10 to 15). In general terms, and as presently defined in Applicants' claims, the specification discloses the formation of an information element comprising information for identifying a wireless communication device and information relative to at least one property of the wireless communication device, which information element is stored in the wireless communication device. It should be appreciated that the combination information referred to by KURIKI is stored in the communications network, not in the mobile terminal. This can be clearly understood from the detailed description of KURIKI's invention provided in his specification and specifically from Col. 4, lines 52 to 54, where it is stated that "... the MSC 81 registers information representative of the IMSII and IMEII combination at an authentication area defined in the HLR". As is well known to those skilled in the art, the HLR is located in the communication network. Furthermore, it is clear from the specification that in KURIKI's invention combination information is not stored in the mobile terminal. Figures 1a and 1b show how the IMSI and the IMEI are stored separately in the terminal. In fact, only the IMEI is stored in the terminal and the IMSI is actually stored in a SIM attached to the terminal (i.e., not strictly within the terminal at all).

It should further be noted that KURIKI's combination information relates only to identification information, that is, information for identifying either the mobile subscriber (IMSI) or the mobile equipment (IMEI). KURIKI certainly does not suggest the combination of identification information with other types of information, such as those referred to in Applicants' specification, which describe the properties of a wireless communication device.

Regarding the Examiner's contention that those of skill would be motivated to combine KURIKI's teachings with those of PHILLIPS in a manner that would achieve Applicants' invention, Applicants believe, in view of the arguments set forth above relating to the inapplicability of the teachings of these two references to their invention, that it is clear that such a motivation cannot be found in these references and does not exist. By way of a specific example, PHILLIPS does not disclose the transmission of parameter data and KURIKI does not disclose the storage of combination information in a mobile terminal. Thus, the combination of KURIKI's teachings with those of PHILLIPS cannot possibly lead to a teaching of a method, apparatus, or system equivalent to those of Applicants' invention and as presently defined in the claims. If a combination of PHILLIPS' and KURIKI's teachings were attempted, the result would most likely be a communications network having the

capability of identifying the operating protocol of a mobile terminal from the frequency band and format of a registration request received from the mobile terminal, as well as the ability of allowing mobile subscribers with identical IMSIs to communicate within the network. This would not provide an approach to Applicants' invention.

Accordingly, for the foregoing reasons, it is submitted that all of the present claims in the application are clearly novel and patentable over the prior art and in proper form for allowance, so that a prompt reconsideration of the prior rejections, allowance of the claims and passage to issue of this application is respectfully requested.

Applicants note that their question regarding the specific problem of the legibility of copies of the cited references in an IDS submitted in the parent case was not responded to and there was no indication that the IDS had been considered. Again, Applicants would be happy to submit a new set of copies but as the total number of pages is somewhat large, if the Examiner can be more specific as to the individual documents, the pertinent pages will be submitted. It is requested that the Examiner call the Applicants' undersigned attorney with the appropriate information and the necessary copies will be promptly sent by fax or mail as

desired.

No fee is believed to be necessary for the entry of this Amendment, but if any such fee has been overlooked, the Commissioner is hereby requested and authorized to charge any other fees associated with this communication or credit any over payment to Deposit Account No. 16-1350.

As there was no indication in the parent case that the drawings filed with the application were defective, no further drawings will be filed upon allowance of this case.

Respectfully submitted,

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Date

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CERTIFICATE OF ELECTRONIC SUBMISSION

I hereby certify that this correspondence is being transmitted by facsimile to the United States Patent and Trademark Office on the date indicated below to the attention of Examiner John J. Lee at (703) 308-9051.

Date: 10/15/02 Signature: Rosanna Belenchia
Person Making Deposit

Application SERIAL NO.: 09/560,480

Marked Up Claim(s)

1. (Twice Amended) A method for storing and informing at least one property of a wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)] to a mobile communication network [(PLMN)], in which information for identifying said wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)] in the mobile communication network [(PLMN)] is stored in the wireless communication device and information relating to at least one property of said wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)] is stored in said wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)], and transmitted from said wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)] to the mobile communication network [(PLMN)], wherein an information element for storing said information for identifying said wireless communication device and said information relating to at least one property of the wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)] is formed in the wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)].

2. (Twice Amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein said information relating to at least one property of the wireless communication device is transmitted from said wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)] to the mobile communication network in connection with registration of said wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)] to the mobile communication network [(PLMN)].

3. (Thrice Amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein said information relating to at least one property of the wireless communication device is transmitted from said wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)] to the mobile communication network prior to a call being set-up with said wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)].

4. (Twice Amended) The method according to claim 3, wherein the information relating to at least one property of the wireless communication device is checked to determine if it is appropriate for the type of call during call set-up with said wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)], and wherein a call is not established if the information relating to at least one property of the wireless communication device is not appropriate for the type of call.

5. (Thrice Amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein said information relating to at least one property of the wireless communication device is transmitted from said wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)] to the mobile communication network in connection with a handover.

6. (Thrice Amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein the information relating to at least one property of the wireless communication device is transmitted to a mobile services switching center [(MSC1)] of the mobile communication network [(PLMN)], or a serving GPRS support node [(SGSN)].

7. (Thrice Amended) The method according to claim 1, in which method an International Mobile Station Equipment Identity [(IMEI)] is defined for said wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)], and wherein the information relating to at least one property of the wireless communication device is stored in the International Mobile Station Identity [(IMEI)].

8. (Twice Amended) The method according to claim 7, wherein the International Mobile Station Equipment Identity [(IMEI)] comprises at least one field for storing the information relating to at least one property of the wireless communication device, and the length of said field is fixed.

9. (Twice Amended) The method according to claim 7, wherein

the International Mobile Station Equipment Identity [(IMEI)] comprises at least one field for storing the information relating to at least one property of the wireless communication device, and the length of said field is variable.

10. (Thrice Amended) The method according to claim 7, wherein the International Mobile Station Equipment Identity [(IMEI)] is divided into a non-modifiable part and a modifiable part, and at least part of the information relating to at least one property of the wireless communication device is stored in said modifiable part.

11. (Thrice Amended) The method according to claim 7, wherein the International Mobile Station Equipment Identity [(IMEI)] is stored in connection with manufacturing of the wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)].

12. (Thrice Amended) The method according to claim 7, wherein the International Mobil Station Equipment Identity [(IMEI)] is updated in connection with a change in the properties of the wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)].

13. (Thrice Amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein the information relating to at least one property of the wireless communication device transmitted from said wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)] is stored at least in the mobile services switching center [(MSC1)] of the mobile communication network [(PLMN)].

14. (Thrice Amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein the information relating to at least one property of the wireless communication device is stored temporarily in the mobile communication network [(PLMN)].

15. (Thrice Amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein

the wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4, S3)] comprises a mobile phone.

16. (Thrice Amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein the wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)] comprises a Communicator.

17. (Thrice Amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein the wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)] comprises a radio card.

18. (Thrice Amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein the information relating to at least one property of the wireless communication device contains information about at least one hardware property of the wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)].

19. (Thrice Amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein the information relating to at least one property of the wireless communication device contains information about at least one software property of the wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)].

20. (Thrice Amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein information relating to at least one property of the wireless communication device contains information about at least one preference of the user of the wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)].

21. (Thrice Amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein modification of the information relating to at least one property of the wireless communication device by the user of the wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)] is prevented.

22. (Thrice Amended) The method according to claim 1, further comprising steps for establishing a call for transmitting information from a first communication device [(MS1-MS4)] to a

second communication device [(MS1-MS4, S1, S2)], wherein said second communication device is a wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)], and the information is optimized for use by the second communication device, by using the information relating to at least one property of the second wireless communication device.

23. (Thrice Amended) The method according to claim 1, further comprising steps for performing communication between the mobile communication network [(PLMN)] and another communication device [(MS1-MS4, S1, S2)], wherein information relating to at least one property of the wireless communication device is transmitted to said another communication device [(MS1-MS4, S1, S2)].

24. (Thrice Amended) The method according to claim 1, further comprising steps for performing communication between the mobile communication network [(PLMN)] and another communication network [(PSTN, PDN)], wherein information relating to at least one property of the wireless communication device is transmitted to said another communication network [(PSTN, PDN)].

25. (Twice Amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein information is transmitted from a first communication device [(MS1)] to a second communication device [(MS2)], and wherein said second communication device is a wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)], and information to be transmitted is converted into a format suitable for the second wireless communication device [(MS2)] in the first communication device [(MS1)].

26. (Twice Amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein information is transmitted from a first communication device [(MS1)] to a second communication device [(MS2)], and wherein said second communication device is a wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)], and information to be transmitted is converted into a format suitable for the second wireless communication device [(MS2)] in the mobile communication network [(PLMN)].

27. (Twice Amended) A wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)] comprising:

means [(5,9)] for storing information for identifying said wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)] in the mobile communication network [(PLMN)] in the mobile communication device [(MS1-MS4)];

means [(5,12)] for transmitting said information for identifying said wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)] from the wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)] to the mobile communication network [(PLMN)];

means [(5,9)] for storing information relating to at least one property of the wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)], and

means [(5, 12)] for transmitting said information relating to at least one property of the wireless communication device from the wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)] to said mobile communication network [(PLMN)],

wherein an information element for storing said information for identifying said wireless communication device and said information relating to at least one property of the wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)] is formed in the wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)].

28. (Twice Amended) The wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)] according to claim 27, further comprising means [(ANT, 12)] for transmitting said information relating to at least one property of the wireless communication device to the mobile communication network in connection with registration of said wireless

communication device [(MS1-MS)] to the mobile communication network [(PLMN)].

29. (Thrice Amended) The wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)] according to claim 27, further comprising means [(ANT, 12)] for transmitting said information relating to at least one property of the wireless communication device to the mobile communication network prior to a call being set-up with said wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)].

30. (Thrice Amended) The wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)] according to claim 27, further comprising means [(ANT, 12)] for transmitting said information relating to at least one property of the wireless communication device transmitted from said wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)] to the mobile communication network in connection with a handover.

31. (Twice Amended) The wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)] according to claim 27 comprising an International Mobile Station Equipment Identity [(IMEI)], wherein the information relating to at least one property of the wireless communication device is stored in the International Mobile Station Equipment Identity [(IMEI)].

32. (Twice Amended) The wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)] according to claim 31, wherein the International Mobile Station Equipment Identity [(IMEI)] comprises at least one field for storing the information relating to at least one property of the wireless communication device, the length of said field being fixed.

33. (Twice Amended) The wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)] according to claim 31, wherein the International Mobile Station Equipment Identity [(IMEI)] comprises at least one field for storing the information relating to at least one property of

the wireless communication device, said field being of a variable length.

34. (Thrice Amended) The wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)] according to claim 31, wherein the International Mobile Station Equipment Identity [(IMEI)] is divided into a non-modifiable part and a modifiable part, and at least part of the information relating to at least one property of the wireless communication device is stored in said modifiable part.

35. (Twice Amended) The wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)] according to claim 31, wherein the International Mobile Station Equipment Identity [(IMEI)] is stored in connection with manufacturing of the wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)].

36. (Twice Amended) The wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)] according to claim 31, wherein the International Mobile Station Equipment Identity [(IMEI)] is updated in connection with a change in the properties of the wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)].

37. (Twice Amended) The wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)] according to claim 27, wherein the device comprises a mobile phone.

38. (Twice Amended) The wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)] according to claim 27, wherein the device comprises a Communicator.

39. (Twice Amended) The wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)] according to claim 27, wherein the device comprises a radio card.

40. (Thrice Amended) The wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)] according to claim 27 comprising means for transmitting

information to the mobile communication network [(PLMN)] to be transmitted further to a second wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4, S1, S2)], further comprising means for converting the information to be transmitted into a format suitable for the second wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4, S1, S2)] based on information relating to at least one property of the wireless communication device received from said second wireless communication device.

41. (Twice Amended) A wireless communication system comprising:

a mobile communication network [(PLMN)];

a wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)];

means [(5,9)] for storing information for identifying said wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)] in the mobile communication network [(PLMN)] in the wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)];

means [(5,12)] for transmitting said information for identifying said wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)] from the wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)] to said mobile communication network [(PLMN)], and further comprising:

means [(5,9)] for storing information relating to at least one property of the wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)] in the wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)], and

means [(5,12)] for transmitting said information relating to at least one property of the wireless communication device from the wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)]

to said mobile communication network [(PLMN)]; and

wherein an information element for storing said information for identifying said wireless communication device and said information relating to at least one property of the wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)] is formed in the wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)].

42. (Twice Amended) The wireless communication system according to claim 41, further comprising means [(ANT, 12)] for transmitting said information relating to at least one property of the wireless communication device from said wireless communication device [(MS1-MSD4)] to the communication network [(PLMN)] in connection with registration of said wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)] to the mobile communication network [(PLMN)].

43. (Thrice Amended) The wireless communication system according to claim 41, further comprising means [(ANT,12)] for transmitting said information relating to at least one property of the wireless communication device from said wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)] to the mobile communication network [(PLMN)] prior to a call being set-up with said communication network [(PLMN)].

44. (Twice Amended) The wireless communication system according to claim 43, further comprising means [(5)] for checking the information relating to at least one property of the wireless communication device to determine if it is appropriate for the call during call set-up with said wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)], and wherein a call is not established if the type of information relating to at least one property of the wireless communication device is not appropriate for the type of call.

45. (Thrice Amended) The wireless communication system

according to claim 41, further comprising means [(ANT,12)] for transmitting said information relating to at least one property of the wireless communication device from said wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)] to the mobile communication network [(PLMN)] in connection with a handover.

46. (Thrice Amended) The wireless communication system according to claim 41, wherein said means [(5,9)] for storing the information relating to at least one property of the wireless communication device comprises an International Mobile Station Equipment Identity [(IMEI)].

47. (Thrice Amended) The wireless communication system according to claim 41, wherein the mobile communication network [(PLMN)] comprises means [(MSC1)] for storing the information relating to at least one property of the wireless communication device received from said wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)].

48. (Twice Amended) The wireless communication system according to claim 47, comprising a mobile services switching center [(MSC1)], wherein the information relating to at least one property of the wireless communication device is stored in said mobile services switching center [(MSC1)].

49. (Thrice Amended) The wireless communication system according to claim 47, comprising a register [(GR)] and wherein the information relating to at least one property of the wireless communication device is stored in said register [(GR)].

50. (Twice Amended) The wireless communication system according to claim 41, further comprising means for communication between the mobile communication network [(PLMN)] and another communication device [(MS1-MS4, S1, S2)], and wherein the mobile communication network [(PLMN)] comprises means [(MSC)] for

transmitting the information relating to at least one property of the wireless communication device to said another communication device [(MS1-MS4, S1, S2)].

51. (Thrice Amended) The wireless Communication system according to claim 41, further comprising means for communication between the mobile communication network [(PLMN)] and another communication network [(PSTN, PDN)], and wherein the mobile communication network [[PLMN]] comprises means [(MSC1)] for transmitting the information relating to at least one property of the wireless communication device to said another communication network [(PSTN, PDN)].

52. (Twice Amended) The wireless Communication system according to claim 41, further comprising means for establishing a call for communication between the wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)] and another communication device [(MS1-MS4, S1, S2)], wherein the communication is optimized by using the information relating to at least one property of the wireless communication device.

53. (Twice Amended) The wireless Communication system according to claim 41, further comprising means for establishing a call for transmitting and receiving information between the wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)] and another communication device [(MS1-MS4, S1, S2)], and wherein the information is optimized for use by the receiving communication device, by using the information relating to at least one property of the wireless communication device.

54. (Twice Amended) The wireless communication system according to claim 41 comprising means for transmitting information from a first wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)] to a second wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)], and wherein the first wireless communication device [(MS1)] comprises means for

converting the information be transmitted into a format suitable for the second wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)].

55. (Twice Amended) The wireless communication system according to claim 41 comprising means for transmitting information from a first wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)] to a second wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)], and wherein the mobile communication network [(PLMN)] comprises means for converting the information to be transmitted into a format suitable for the second wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)].

58. (Amended) A method of manufacturing a wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)] in which information for identifying said wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)] in a mobile communication network [(PLMN)] and information relating to at least one property of said wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)] is stored in said wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)], and wherein an information element for storing said information for identifying said wireless communication device and said information relating to at least one property of the wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)] is formed in the wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)].

59. (Amended) A method according to claim 58, in which an International Mobile Station Equipment Identity [(IMEI)] is defined for and stored in said wireless communication device [(MS1-MS4)], and wherein the information relating to at least one property of the wireless communication device is stored in the International Mobile Station Identity [(IMEI)].